



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

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MAR - 6 2014

Thomas Del Beccaro, Chairman
Charles H. Bell, Counsel
California Republican Party
1903 W. Magnolia Blvd.
Burbank, CA 91506

RE: MURs 6722 & 6723

Dear Messrs. Del Beccaro and Bell:

On February 25, 2014, the Federal Election Commission reviewed the allegations in your complaint dated Feb. 21, 2013, and found that on the basis of the information provided in your complaint, and information provided by the respondents, that in MUR 6722 there is no reason to believe that House Majority PAC and Shannon Roche in her official capacity as treasurer made, and Dr. Raul Ruiz for Congress and Greg Lucas Rodriguez in his official capacity as treasurer and Rep. Raul Ruiz received, a prohibited corporate in-kind contribution in violation of 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) with respect to the production and dissemination of the video referenced in the Complaint. And in MUR 6723, the Commission found that there is no reason to believe that House Majority PAC and Shannon Roche in her official capacity as treasurer made, and Bera for Congress and Rita Copeland in her official capacity as treasurer and Rep. Ami Bera received, a prohibited corporate in-kind contribution in violation of 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) with respect to the production and dissemination of the video referenced in the Complaint. Accordingly, on February 25, 2014, the Commission closed the file in this matter.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. *See* Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66,132 (Dec. 14, 2009). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which more fully explains the Commission's findings is enclosed.

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MURs 6722 & 6723
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The Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended, allows a complainant to seek judicial review of the Commission's dismissal of this action. *See* 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(8).

Sincerely,



Mark D. Shonkwiler
Assistant General Counsel

Enclosure
Factual and Legal Analysis

14044352660

FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

In the Matter of

MUR 6722/6723

House Majority PAC and Shannon Roche in her

official capacity as treasurer

Dr. Paul Ruiz for Congress and Greg Lucas in his

official capacity as treasurer

Bera for Congress and Rita Copeland in her

Official capacity as treasurer

Rep. Raul Ruiz

Rep. Ami Bera

I. INTRODUCTION

The Complaints allege that House Majority PAC, an independent expenditure-only political committee, made in-kind corporate contributions by creating and posting a video on its website and YouTube featuring Rep. Raul Ruiz, Rep. Ami Bera, and others thanking House Majority PAC for supporting them in the 2012 elections.¹ As a result, the Complaints claim that House Majority PAC, Ruiz, Bera, and Ruiz's and Bera's committees and treasurers violated 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 114.2.²

House Majority PAC contends that the video is not an in-kind contribution to the candidates because it does not satisfy the content prong of the Commission's test for coordinated communications — specifically, the video is neither an electioneering communication nor a

¹ In 2012, House Majority PAC disclosed making \$29,396,484.81 in independent expenditures. *See* House Majority PAC 2012 Year-End Report at 4 (Jan. 31, 2013), <http://images.nictusa.com/pdf/186/13960658186/13960658186.pdf>.

2 Compl. at 1-2 (Feb. 13, 2013), MUR 6722 (House Majority PAC; Ruiz); Compl. at 1-2 (Feb. 13, 2013), MUR 6723 (House Majority PAC; Bera). House Majority PAC posted the video to its website and YouTube on January 29, 2013. *House Majority PAC: We Make the Difference*, HOUSE MAJORITY PAC, <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F4JFEFqNheQ> (last visited Aug. 3, 2013); *House Majority PAC: We Make the Difference*, HOUSE MAJORITY PAC, <http://www.thehousemajoritypac.com/ads/page/2/> (last visited Aug. 3, 2013). Because we conclude that House Majority PAC's video did not constitute an in-kind contribution to Ruiz or Bera, we do not address whether such an in-kind contribution, had it been made, would have been a prohibited corporate contribution under 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) and 11 C.F.R. § 114.2.

1 public communication, as required by 11 C.F.R. § 109.21.³ House Majority PAC asserts that its
2 video is not an electioneering communication because it is not a “broadcast, cable or satellite
3 communication,” and it is not a public communication because it is an internet communication
4 that was not placed for a fee on another person’s website.⁴ Further, House Majority PAC asserts
5 that the video fails the other requirements of the content prong: it did not republish campaign
6 material, expressly advocate the election or defeat of a candidate, and it was not sufficiently
7 proximate to an election.⁵ Ruiz’s and Bera’s Responses concur with or make the same
8 arguments as House Majority PAC’s Response.⁶

9 The Commission finds that there is no reason to believe that Respondents violated the
10 Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the “Act”), as alleged in the Complaints.
11 The House Majority PAC video does not satisfy the content prong of the Commission’s
12 coordinated communications test.

13 II. ANALYSIS

14 A payment for a “coordinated communication” is an in-kind contribution from the payor
15 to the candidate with whom it is coordinated.⁷ Under 11 C.F.R. § 109.21(b), a communication is
16 coordinated with a candidate when it is: (a) paid for by a person other than the candidate;
17 (b) satisfies one of the content standards of the Commission’s coordination test; and (c) satisfies
18 one of the conduct standards of the Commission’s coordination test.⁸

³ House Majority PAC Resp. at 2, MUR 6722/6723. House Majority PAC filed a single response addressing the allegations in the Complaints in both MUR 6722 and MUR 6723.

⁴ *Id.*

⁵ *Id.* at 2-3, n.8.

⁶ See Ruiz Resp. at 2 (Apr. 22, 2013), MUR 6722 (House Majority PAC; Ruiz); Bera Resp. at 1-2 (Apr. 18, 2013), MUR 6723 (House Majority PAC; Bera). Ruiz is represented by attorneys from the same firm as those representing House Majority PAC.

⁷ 11 C.F.R. § 109.21(b).

⁸ *Id.* § 109.21(a).

House Majority PAC's payments to create the video satisfy the first prong of the coordination test. House Majority PAC's payments for the video do not constitute in-kind contributions to Bera and Ruiz or their campaign committees, though, because the video does not satisfy the content prong of the coordination test.

The content prong can be satisfied in one of five ways.⁹ The first is if the communication qualifies as an electioneering communication.¹⁰ The House Majority PAC video does not meet the definition of an electioneering communication because it was not publicly distributed by a television station, radio station, cable television station, or satellite system,¹¹ and it was not published within 60 days before a general election, or within 30 days of a primary election, for offices sought by the candidates.¹²

The remaining four ways to satisfy the content prong require that the communication be a "public communication."¹³ The Act defines a public communication as "a communication by means of any broadcast, cable, or satellite communication, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising facility, mass mailing, or telephone bank to the general public, or any other form of public political advertising."¹⁴ The Commission's regulations further clarify that the phrase "general public political advertising" — the only listed means of communication that might encompass House Majority PAC's internet video — does not include "communications over the Internet, except for communications placed for a fee on another person's Web site."¹⁵ Content such as a video that a person places on their own website or on YouTube without paying a fee

⁹ See *id.* § 109.21(c)(1)-(5).

¹⁰ *Id.* § 109.21(c)(1).

¹¹ See *id.* § 100.29(a), (b)(1).

¹² See *id.* § 100.29(a)(2).

¹³ See *id.* § 109.21(c)(2)-(5).

¹⁴ 2 U.S.C. § 431(22).

¹⁵ 11 C.F.R. § 100.26.

1 cannot be a coordinated communication. *See* Internet Communications, 71 Fed. Reg. 18,589,
2 18,590, 18,600 (May 12, 2006) (explanation and justification); *see also* Factual & Legal
3 Analysis at 8, MUR 6477 (Turn Right USA) (advertisement uploaded to YouTube for free was
4 not a public communication because it was not placed for a fee); *see also* Advisory Op. 2011-14
5 (Utah Bankers Association Action PAC) (concluding that a committee's website and emails
6 soliciting contributions to and expressly advocating the election of certain candidates were not
7 coordinated communications because they were neither electioneering communications nor
8 public communications). Therefore, the video that House Majority PAC placed on its own
9 website and YouTube is not a public communication. Because the video is neither an
10 electioneering communication nor a public communication, it fails the content prong of the
11 Commission's coordinated communications test.

12 In MUR 6722 the Commission finds that there is no reason to believe that House
13 Majority PAC and Shannon Roche in her official capacity as treasurer made, and Dr. Raul Ruiz
14 for Congress and Greg Lucas Rodriguez in his official capacity as treasurer and Rep. Raul Ruiz
15 received, a prohibited corporate in-kind contribution in violation of 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) with
16 respect to the production and dissemination of the video referenced in the Complaint. And in
17 MUR 6723, the Commission finds that there is no reason to believe that House Majority PAC
18 and Shannon Roche in her official capacity as treasurer made, and Bera for Congress and Rita
19 Copeland in her official capacity as treasurer and Rep. Ami Bera received, a prohibited corporate
20 in-kind contribution in violation of 2 U.S.C. § 441b(a) with respect to the production and
21 dissemination of the video referenced in the Complaint.